

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2009

South Carolina--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	11,000	2,560	90	770	1,700	8,450	3,470	250	370	1,400	1,650	1,120	200
Nature of injury, illness:													
Sprains, strains.....	4,290	840	20	320	500	3,450	1,710	120	240	470	590	270	70
Bruises, contusions.....	1,110	200	20	--	170	920	440	--	--	80	170	190	20
Cuts, lacerations.....	940	240	--	--	220	700	200	60	--	150	90	150	--
Punctures.....	270	30	--	--	20	240	80	--	--	140	20	--	--
Fractures.....	940	440	--	230	200	500	180	20	--	110	80	90	--
Heat burns.....	300	50	--	--	30	250	50	--	--	--	--	180	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	50	50	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tendonitis.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chemical burns.....	40	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	40	30	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:													
Head.....	750	160	--	30	130	590	230	30	--	150	60	90	--
Eye.....	170	70	--	--	60	100	60	--	--	--	20	--	--
Neck.....	170	50	--	--	30	110	20	--	--	--	20	--	--
Trunk.....	3,680	680	20	200	470	2,990	1,490	40	210	250	620	320	60
Shoulder.....	600	140	--	40	90	460	160	--	--	100	130	40	--
Back.....	2,210	400	--	120	270	1,810	890	20	170	100	370	220	40
Upper extremities.....	2,470	780	20	120	640	1,690	500	30	40	410	350	300	60
Arm.....	490	200	--	50	140	290	60	--	--	120	70	40	--
Wrist.....	300	120	--	--	80	180	80	--	--	--	40	30	--
Hand, except finger.....	570	120	--	--	100	450	110	--	--	--	180	90	40
Finger.....	980	280	--	--	270	700	240	--	--	250	50	120	--
Lower extremities.....	2,960	730	20	360	350	2,230	1,020	70	90	370	330	290	50
Knee.....	1,270	250	--	110	130	1,030	690	--	--	50	140	100	--
Ankle.....	860	290	--	190	90	570	90	--	60	230	100	70	--
Foot, except toe.....	310	80	--	--	60	230	110	--	--	--	20	60	--
Toe.....	80	--	--	--	--	80	30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Body systems.....	150	20	--	--	--	130	20	--	--	--	80	--	--
Multiple parts.....	820	130	30	40	60	690	160	--	--	200	180	110	20

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2009 -- Continued

South Carolina--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Source of injury, illness:													
Chemicals, chemical products.....	200	60	--	--	20	140	80	--	--	--	20	20	--
Containers.....	1,270	150	--	40	100	1,120	780	--	--	80	30	170	50
Furniture, fixtures.....	400	70	--	--	60	340	150	30	70	--	60	20	--
Machinery.....	660	370	--	110	260	290	130	20	--	70	30	30	--
Parts and materials.....	1,450	360	--	30	330	1,090	740	--	--	100	190	30	--
Person, injured or ill worker.....	1,370	400	--	50	340	970	470	--	80	150	130	130	--
Worker motion or position.....	750	280	--	--	260	460	250	--	30	70	50	60	--
Floor, ground surfaces.....	1,940	520	20	280	220	1,420	270	70	120	210	420	310	20
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	870	220	--	90	100	650	290	20	--	130	90	80	--
Vehicles.....	970	170	--	80	90	790	280	70	--	300	--	120	--
Person, other than worker.....	610	--	--	--	--	610	--	--	--	--	560	--	--
Health care patient.....	570	--	--	--	--	570	--	--	--	--	550	--	--
Event or exposure:													
Contact with object, equipment.....	3,370	860	20	110	720	2,510	1,120	40	80	390	470	300	110
Struck by object.....	1,760	410	--	60	350	1,340	550	20	--	270	230	200	70
Struck against object.....	940	200	--	--	170	740	220	20	70	70	220	80	50
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	640	230	--	--	190	420	340	--	--	30	20	20	--
Fall to lower level.....	890	360	30	280	50	530	300	70	--	60	30	50	--
Fall on same level.....	1,000	200	--	40	150	810	190	20	40	50	290	200	--
Slips, trips.....	280	40	--	--	30	230	80	--	--	100	30	--	--
Overexertion.....	2,600	450	--	120	320	2,160	1,190	40	110	170	480	120	50
Overexertion in lifting.....	1,170	210	--	70	130	950	420	30	100	150	180	70	20
Repetitive motion.....	220	180	--	--	170	40	20	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposed to harmful substance.....	670	150	--	60	80	520	130	--	--	90	110	190	--
Transportation accidents.....	590	80	--	50	30	510	70	--	--	270	--	100	--
Highway accident.....	460	60	--	50	20	400	60	--	--	210	--	50	--
Fires, explosions.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	310	--	--	--	--	310	--	--	--	160	120	--	--
by person.....	140	--	--	--	--	140	--	--	--	--	100	--	--
by animal.....	170	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--	140	20	--	--

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements

effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.