

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, state government, South Carolina, 2014

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	9.1	7.8	14.3	15.6	18.2	5.2	31.2	13
Social and human service assistants	100.0	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	27.8	--	27.8	13
Correctional officers and jailers	100.0	--	--	--	--	22.2	--	44.4	17
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	100.0	--	--	--	44.4	--	--	55.6	14
Highway maintenance workers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	50.0	29
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	66.7	44
Mental health counselors	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	16
Psychiatric technicians	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	11
Occupational health and safety specialists	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	47
Nursing assistants	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	28
Registered nurses	100.0	--	--	100.0	--	--	--	--	4

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 19, 2015