

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, South Carolina, 2015

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	--
Gender:															
Male	61.3	78.6	81.8	97.2	71.6	54.3	71.0	91.3	90.4	58.6	17.6	42.7	--	--	
Female	38.3	21.4	13.6	--	28.4	45.1	27.6	--	--	42.5	83.1	57.3	--	--	
Age:															
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	3.5	--	--	--	--	4.7	9.1	--	--	--	--	4.9	--	--	--
20 to 24	8.5	13.4	--	33.3	7.4	6.5	8.4	--	--	5.7	4.1	9.7	--	--	--
25 to 34	18.4	22.7	18.2	20.8	24.0	16.7	12.8	34.8	--	33.3	16.9	20.4	--	--	--
35 to 44	24.7	19.4	45.5	13.9	18.6	26.7	22.9	30.4	--	27.6	28.4	24.3	--	--	--
45 to 54	25.4	27.1	9.1	29.2	28.9	24.7	25.3	26.1	75.0	14.9	20.9	17.5	--	--	--
55 to 64	13.8	12.0	9.1	--	16.2	14.7	16.2	--	--	14.9	14.9	17.5	--	--	--
65 and over	5.5	4.7	13.6	--	4.9	5.9	5.4	--	--	3.4	12.8	4.9	--	--	--
Length of service with employer:															
Less than 3 months	14.2	12.7	22.7	6.9	13.7	15.0	20.2	--	--	17.2	6.8	22.3	--	--	--
3 to 11 months	24.5	27.1	13.6	43.1	23.0	23.5	18.5	--	--	23.0	24.3	24.3	--	--	--
1 to 5 years	36.9	32.4	45.5	36.1	30.4	38.5	29.3	52.2	80.8	50.6	48.0	28.2	--	--	--
More than 5 years	24.1	27.8	18.2	15.3	33.3	22.6	31.0	26.1	--	10.3	20.9	25.2	--	--	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :															
White only	46.5	47.2	40.9	69.4	40.2	46.2	38.4	--	76.9	49.4	57.4	29.1	--	--	--
Black only	19.5	21.1	18.2	15.3	23.5	18.9	14.8	--	--	16.1	29.7	29.1	--	--	--
Hispanic or Latino only	5.5	9.7	18.2	9.7	8.8	3.9	1.7	--	--	12.6	--	8.7	--	--	--
Asian only	.8	--	--	--	--	.9	--	--	--	--	--	4.9	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	27.5	21.4	22.7	6.9	26.5	29.9	44.8	73.9	--	21.8	11.5	26.2	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, November 04, 2016. November 04, 2016