

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, state government, South Carolina, 2016

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	13.3	6.7	14.7	12.0	8.0	6.7	38.7	15
Correctional officers and jailers	100.0	--	--	22.2	--	--	22.2	44.4	30
Highway maintenance workers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	55.6	43
Social and human service assistants	100.0	--	--	25.0	25.0	--	--	25.0	6
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	100.0	48
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	100.0	--	--	50.0	--	--	--	50.0	21
Psychiatric technicians	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	38
Nursing assistants	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	21
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	15

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 02, 2017