

**Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, South Carolina, 2020**

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	12,260	2,470	--	510	1,860	9,790	3,650	--	--	1,230	3,240	1,310	130	--	
Management occupations	660	20	--	--	20	640	--	--	--	290	170	160	--	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	50	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	70	20	--	--	--	50	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Educational instruction and library occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	1,020	--	--	--	--	1,020	--	--	--	--	1,010	--	--	--	
Healthcare support occupations	1,530	--	--	--	--	1,530	--	--	--	--	1,530	--	--	--	
Protective service occupations	250	80	--	80	--	160	--	--	--	80	--	30	--	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	860	--	--	--	--	860	90	--	--	--	30	750	--	--	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	630	--	--	--	--	630	60	--	--	310	90	160	--	--	
Personal care and service occupations	180	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	
Sales and related occupations	1,210	--	--	--	--	1,210	1,000	--	--	--	40	60	--	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	240	20	--	--	20	220	60	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	80	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Construction and extraction occupations	610	310	--	300	--	300	--	--	--	290	--	--	--	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	830	390	--	90	290	440	180	--	--	50	40	50	--	--	
Production occupations	1,320	1,110	--	--	1,110	210	170	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	
Transportation and material moving occupations	2,610	410	--	--	380	2,200	2,000	--	--	100	20	60	--	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 25, 2021