

**Table 1. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2013**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>4</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
<b>All industries including state and local government<sup>5</sup></b>		3.2	1.7	0.9	0.7	1.5
<b>Private industry<sup>5</sup></b>		2.9	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.4
<b>Goods-producing<sup>5</sup></b>		2.9	1.7	0.9	0.9	1.2
<b>Natural resources and mining<sup>5,6</sup></b>		1.3	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.4
<b>Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting<sup>5</sup></b>		1.4	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.4
Crop production (scope changed in 2009) <sup>5</sup>	111	2.1	2.0	1.3	0.7	--
<b>Mining<sup>6</sup></b>		--	--	--	--	--
<b>Construction</b>		2.4	1.5	1.1	0.4	0.9
<b>Construction</b>		2.4	1.5	1.1	0.4	0.9
Construction of buildings	236	1.3	0.9	0.5	--	0.4
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	4.4	3.2	2.8	0.4	1.2
Specialty trade contractors	238	2.4	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.1
<b>Manufacturing</b>		3.1	1.9	0.8	1.0	1.3
<b>Manufacturing</b>		3.1	1.9	0.8	1.0	1.3
Food manufacturing	311	4.2	3.0	1.3	1.7	1.2
Textile mills	313	2.0	1.1	0.5	0.6	0.9
Textile product mills (scope changed in 2009)	314	5.5	3.1	0.8	2.3	2.4
Wood product manufacturing	321	6.2	4.3	1.7	2.6	1.8
Paper manufacturing	322	1.7	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.6
Printing and related support activities	323	1.7	1.0	0.5	--	0.7
Chemical manufacturing	325	2.3	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2013**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>4</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	2.7	1.4	0.4	1.0	1.2
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	1.8	1.2	--	0.6	0.6
Primary metal manufacturing	331	4.1	2.8	1.2	1.5	1.3
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	3.2	2.0	0.7	1.3	1.2
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	3.1	1.6	0.8	0.8	1.5
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	1.9	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.9
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	1.7	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.9
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	3.9	2.4	1.1	1.3	1.5
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	5.1	3.0	2.1	0.9	2.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	4.6	2.1	1.5	0.6	2.5
<b>Service-providing</b>		2.9	1.4	0.8	0.6	1.4
<b>Trade, transportation, and utilities<sup>8</sup></b>		3.3	1.9	1.0	1.0	1.3
<b>Wholesale trade</b>		2.5	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	1.6	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.7
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.3	3.0	1.2	1.8	1.3
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	2.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.3
<b>Retail trade</b>		3.5	2.1	1.0	1.1	1.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.4	1.9	1.5	0.4	1.5
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.5	3.3	1.0	2.3	1.2
Food and beverage stores	445	5.4	2.9	1.2	1.6	2.6
General merchandise stores	452	5.0	3.0	1.2	1.8	2.0
Nonstore retailers	454	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Transportation and warehousing<sup>8</sup></b>		3.8	2.5	1.5	1.1	1.2
Rail transportation <sup>8</sup>	482	1.2	0.9	0.8	--	--
Truck transportation	484	4.3	2.9	2.0	0.8	1.4
Support activities for transportation	488	2.7	1.7	1.1	0.5	1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2013**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>4</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Couriers and messengers	492	4.6	3.4	1.5	1.9	1.2
Warehousing and storage	493	3.9	2.6	0.6	2.0	1.3
<b>Utilities</b>		1.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.9
Utilities	221	1.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.9
<b>Information</b>		0.9	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.3
<b>Information</b>		0.9	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.3
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	0.7	0.4	0.4	--	--
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.4
<b>Financial activities</b>		1.5	0.5	0.3	0.2	1.0
<b>Finance and insurance</b>		1.0	0.1	0.1	( <sup>b</sup> )	0.9
<b>Real estate and rental and leasing</b>		2.8	1.4	0.9	--	1.4
<b>Professional and business services</b>		1.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.8
<b>Professional, scientific, and technical services</b>		1.2	0.5	0.4	--	0.8
<b>Management of companies and enterprises</b>		0.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5
<b>Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services</b>		2.1	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.9
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	2.1	1.2	0.7	0.5	1.0
Waste management and remediation services	562	1.5	1.3	--	0.6	0.2
<b>Education and health services</b>		3.8	1.6	0.7	0.8	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2013**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>4</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
<b>Educational services</b>		1.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.1
Educational services	611	1.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.1
<b>Health care and social assistance</b>		4.0	1.7	0.8	0.9	2.4
Ambulatory health care services	621	2.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.5
Hospitals	622	6.0	2.1	1.1	1.0	3.9
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	6.6	3.9	1.5	2.4	2.7
Social assistance	624	3.5	1.3	0.5	0.8	--
<b>Leisure and hospitality</b>		3.1	1.1	0.8	0.3	2.0
<b>Arts, entertainment, and recreation</b>		4.6	2.5	1.3	1.2	2.1
<b>Accommodation and food services</b>		2.9	1.0	0.7	0.2	2.0
Accommodation	721	4.8	1.9	1.4	0.5	2.9
Food services and drinking places	722	2.6	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.8
<b>Other services</b>		5.0	3.7	3.2	0.6	1.2
<b>Other services, except public administration</b>		5.0	3.7	3.2	0.6	1.2
Repair and maintenance	811	6.5	6.0	5.4	0.6	0.6
Personal and laundry services	812	3.7	1.6	0.9	--	2.1
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	3.1	1.5	1.4	--	1.6
<b>State and local government<sup>5</sup></b>		4.9	2.4	1.3	1.0	2.5
<b>State government<sup>5</sup></b>		2.9	1.8	1.1	0.7	1.1
<b>Service-providing</b>		2.9	1.8	1.1	0.7	1.1

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2013**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>4</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
<b>Education and health services</b>		2.2	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.1
<b>Educational services</b>		1.7	0.8	0.3	0.4	1.0
Educational services	611	1.7	0.8	0.3	0.4	1.0
<b>Health care and social assistance</b>		3.5	2.0	1.2	0.9	1.5
Hospitals	622	3.7	2.0	0.8	1.2	1.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8.9	7.0	5.4	--	1.9
<b>Public administration</b>		3.7	2.7	1.8	0.9	1.1
<b>Public administration</b>		3.7	2.7	1.8	0.9	1.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	5.6	4.9	3.5	1.4	0.7
Administration of human resource programs	923	2.8	2.3	1.6	0.7	0.5
Administration of economic programs	926	4.0	2.7	1.4	1.3	1.3
<b>Local government<sup>5</sup></b>		5.7	2.6	1.4	1.2	3.1
<b>Service-providing</b>		5.7	2.6	1.4	1.2	3.1
<b>Trade, transportation, and utilities<sup>8</sup></b>		3.3	1.5	0.5	1.0	1.8
<b>Utilities</b>		3.2	1.5	--	1.2	1.7
Utilities	221	3.2	1.5	--	1.2	1.7
<b>Education and health services</b>		5.3	2.5	1.4	1.1	2.8
<b>Educational services</b>		5.3	2.8	1.6	1.1	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2013**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>4</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	611	5.3	2.8	1.6	1.1	2.5
<b>Health care and social assistance</b>		5.2	1.9	0.8	1.1	3.4
Hospitals	622	5.0	1.7	0.8	0.9	3.3
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	7.3	2.2	0.9	1.3	5.1
<b>Public administration</b>		7.0	2.9	1.6	1.4	4.1
<b>Public administration</b>		7.0	2.9	1.6	1.4	4.1
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	7.2	3.0	1.6	1.4	4.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	4.8	3.2	2.1	1.1	1.6
Administration of human resource programs	923	4.1	2.9	--	2.2	1.2

**Table 1. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2013**

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work <sup>4</sup>	Cases with job transfer or restriction	

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and/or illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as:  $(N / EH) \times 200,000$  where,

N = number of injuries and/or illnesses  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year  
 200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>3</sup> *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007.

<sup>4</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>5</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>6</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System, 2007 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>7</sup> Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>8</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

<sup>9</sup> Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 03, 2014