

**Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, local government, South Carolina, 2020**

Occupation	Local government 2,3,4	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	2,400	--	--	--	--	2,400	--	--	--	--	1,270	--	--	1,070	
Registered nurses	330	--	--	--	--	330	--	--	--	--	330	--	--	--	
Bus drivers, school	220	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	--	
Passenger vehicle drivers, except bus drivers, transit and intercity	220	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	--	
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	180	--	--	--	--	180	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	180	
Firefighters	160	--	--	--	--	160	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	160	
Nursing assistants	90	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	
First-line supervisors of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers	90	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	90	
Emergency medical technicians	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	70	
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	80	
Paramedics	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	70	
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	20	
Food service managers	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	
Interpreters and translators	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	
First-line supervisors of firefighting and prevention workers	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	
Water and wastewater treatment plant and system operators	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	
Public safety telecommunicators	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	
Elementary school teachers, except special education	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	
First-line supervisors of police and detectives	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Maintenance and repair workers, general	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Food preparation workers	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	
Physical therapists	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	
Personal care aides	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 25, 2021